02-28-06 PTO/SB/2 Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-003 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number Application Number 730,01 TRANSMITTAL Filing Date *5 | 2*000 **FORM** First Named Inventor Art Unit Examiner Name (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing) chael N. Opsasnick Attorney Docket Number Total Number of Pages in This Submission 0767A **ENCLOSURES** (Check all that apply) After Allowance Communication to TC Fee Transmittal Form Drawing(s) Appeal Communication to Board Fee Attached Licensing-related Papers of Appeals and Interferences Amendment/Reply Triplicate Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Petition to Convert to a After Final Provisional Application Proprietary Information Power of Attorney, Revocation Affidavits/declaration(s) Change of Correspondence Address Status Letter Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify Extension of Time Request Terminal Disclaimer 1. Return receipt partcard Express Abandonment Request Request for Refund 2. Express mail cert. of Information Disclosure Statement CD, Number of CD(s) Mailing Landscape Table on CD Certified Copy of Priority Remarks Document(s) Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT Firm Name Signature Printed name Date Reg. No.

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Applicants: Richard	Vandervoort	Cox

Atty. No: 1999-0767A

Patent Application for:

Title: Frame Erasure Concealment Technique for a Bitstream-Based Feature Extractor

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Provisional	200	100	0	0	0	0				
2. EXCESS CLAIM F		Small Entity								
Fee Description						<u>Fee (\$)</u>	Fee (\$)			
Each claim over 20	50	25								
Each independent	200	100								
Multiple dependent claims							180			
Total Claims	Extra Claim	s <u>Fee (\$)</u>	Fee Pa	aid (\$)		Multiple De	pendent Claims			
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HP = highest number of total claims paid for, if greater than 20.										
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HP = highest number of independent claims paid for, if greater than 3.										
3. APPLICATION SIZE FEE If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper (excluding electronically filed sequence or computer										

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sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

Inventor(s)

Richard Vandervoort Cox

Case

1999-0767A

Conf. No. 6590

Serial No.

09/730,011

Group Art Unit 2655

Filing Date

December 5, 2000

Examiner

Michael N. Opsasnick

Title

Frame Erasure Concealment Technique for a Bitstream-Based

Feature Extractor

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450

SIR:

BRIEF ON APPEAL

I. INTRODUCTION

Appellant submits the foregoing Appeal Brief in support of a Notice of Appeal dated December 28, 2005, upon receipt of a Final Office Action from the Examiner dated November 1, 2005 affirming the <u>final rejection</u> of claims 2, 4 and 5.

II. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

AT&T Corp. is the real party in interest by virtue of an Assignment recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on December 5, 2000.

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III. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

This is the first appeal in the above-identified application.

IV. STATUS OF CLAIMS

Claims 2, 4 and 5 are pending in this application and all stand rejected.

V. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

Appellant's last amendment to the pending claims was filed on July 12, 2004, where these amendments were entered and are of record.

VI. SUMMARY OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

Appellant's invention, as discussed in the specification at paragraphs [0009] and [0010], relates to "a frame erasure concealment technique for use with a bitstream-based feature extraction process in wireless communication applications....An error in a frame is declared if the Euclidean distance between the line spectrum pair (LSP) coefficients in adjacent frames is less than or equal to a predefined threshold T. In such a case, one of the frames is then simply deleted from the bitstream. In particular, and based on the missing feature theory, a decoding algorithm is reformulated for the hidden Markov model (HMM) when a frame erasure is detected".

Independent claim 2 defines "a method of generating speech coding parameters of an erased frame in a bitstream-based front end of a speech recognition system, the method comprising the steps of ... defining a steady-state threshold T associated with an acceptable different between the LSPs of the adjacent frames; deleting the LSPs of the nth frame in an observation sequence if the measured distance is less than or equal to T; and generating the speech coding parameters with a standard hidden Markov model process".

VII. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

The following is a concise statement of each ground of rejection presented for review:

• Claim 2 was rejected under 35 USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6,044,343 in view of US Patents 5,704,004 and 5,826,221.



 Claims 4 and 5 were rejected under 35 USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6,044,343 in view of US Patents 5,704,004 and 5,826,221, in further view of US Patent 6,230,124.

VIII. ARGUMENT

A. 35 USC § 103(a) Rejection - Claim 2

In the Office action dated November 1, 2005, the Examiner issued a Final rejection of pending claim 2 under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of U.S. Patent 6,044,343 (Cong et al.), in view of US Patent 5,704,004 (Li et al.) and U.S. Patent 5,826,221 (Aoyagi).

In the Examiner's *Response to Arguments*, the Examiner stated that "the Aoyagi reference is used to teach the limitation of using adjacent frames to perform the distance measurement", where in the specific rejection the Examiner cited Aoyagi as teaching "a method for defining a threshold based upon the difference in ISP parameters in adjacent subframes" (citing column 4, lines 25-50 of Aoyagi). The Examiner concluded that "it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of speech processing to modify the teachings of the combination of [Cong] in view of [Li] with using an adjacent frames to cure frame error because it would advantageously generate a more accurate representation of speech [citing Aoyagi].

Appellant cannot agree with the Examiner's conclusion. The cited Aoyagi reference, as described at column 3, beginning at line 41 and column 4, beginning at 25, is related to:

[C]oding circuit [that] adaptively selects either a quantized value or an interpolation value as a subframe-by-subframe vocal tract prediction coefficient, depending on the variation of vocal tract information within a frame. Quantized values need coding bits while interpolation values do not need them...The decision block 210 selects one of the modes 1-3 for the current frame, as follows. First, by using the quantized value LspQ4p of the fourth subframe of the previous frame and the quantized value LspQ4 of the fourth subframe of the current frame, the decision block 210 computes LSP coefficient interpolation values LspD1, LspD2 and LspD3 for the first to third subframes of the current frame....If the frame error E1 is smaller than a preselected threshold Et1, the decision block 210 determines that the current frame should be coded in the mode 1...On the other hand, if the frame error E1 is greater than the threshold Et1, then the decision

block 210 computes LSP coefficient interpolation values LspDD1 and Lsp DD3 for the first and third subsframes, respectively, using the quantized values.

There is no teaching in Aoyagi, it is asserted, regarding a calculation of a "distance" between LSP values, as required by independent claim 2. Aoyagi utilizes the fourth sub-frame LSP values to interpolate the intermediate subframe values. Additionally, the "threshold" of Aoyagi is merely a "preselected" value. In contrast, the threshold utilized in the method of the present invention is based upon an "acceptable difference between the LSPs of the adjacent frames" (as related to determining if a steady-state condition exists).

Additionally, the Li et al. reference cited by the Examiner is considered to be associated with non-analogous subject matter of linear predictive coding (LPC) coefficients, where LPC requires compression (and hence, erasure) on the transmission side. While Cong et al. does disclose the use of a Euclidean distance measurement, this technique is used to determine a "match" between a current value and stored representations.

Without any teaching regarding the creation of a threshold based on "an acceptable different between the LSPs of the adjacent frames", appellants assert that the combination of Aoyagi with Li et al. and Cong et al. cannot be found to render obvious the subject matter of independent claim 2. Appellant therefore respectfully requests the Board of Appeals to reconsider these arguments, reverse the Examiner's rejection and find claim 2 to be in condition for allowance.

B. 35 USC § 103(a) Rejection - Claims 4 and 5

The Examiner issued a Final rejection of claims 4 and 5 under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over the above-cited combination of references, in further view of US Patent 6,230,124 (Maeda). In particular, the Examiner further cited Maeda as teaching an error checking methodology using the "most important bits". However, without the teaching of the threshold determination as defined by claim 2, appellant believes that claims 4 and 5 are also allowable over the combination of all cited references.

Appellant thus respectfully requests the Board of Appeals to reconsider this rejection, reverse the Examiner's decision, and find claims 4 and 5 to be in condition for allowance over this combination of references.

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IX. CONCLUSION

For the reasons expressed above, the Examiner's rejections of claims 2, 4 and 5 under 35 USC § 103(a) are considered to lack merit and thus mandate reversal.

Appellant solicits such action from the Board of Appeals at this time.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard Vandervoort Cox

By: *(MMM) (1* Wendy W. Koba

Reg. No. 30509

Attorney for appellant

610-346-7112

Date: 2 | 27 | 200 φ

CLAIMS APPENDIX

1. cancelled

2. (previously presented) A method of generating speech coding parameters of an erased frame in a bitstream-based front end of a speech recognition system, the method comprising the steps of:

detecting an erased frame;

measuring the Euclidean distance between the line spectrum pairs (LSPs) of adjacent frames (n-1) and n;

defining a steady-state threshold T associated with an acceptable difference between the LSPs of the adjacent frames;

deleting the LSPs of the nth frame in an observation sequence if the measured distance is less than or equal to T; and

generating the speech coding parameters with a standard hidden Markov model process.

3. cancelled

- **4.** (previously presented) The method as defined in claim 2 wherein in detecting a frame erasure, an erasure is declared when the bits most sensitive to error within a frame are determined to be in error.
- **5.** (original) The method as defined in claim 4 wherein the bits most sensitive to error in a frame in a bitstream-based speech recognition system including the line spectrum pair information bits and the gain information bits.

